

RELEASE NOTES

AOS version R10.5.1 January 29, 2013

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Release Notes R10.5.1 Introduction

Introduction

AOS version R10.5.1 is a maintenance release that addresses customer issues that were uncovered in previous code releases.

This release is generally available code. Results obtained during internal testing have been evaluated and the code has been determined to be ready for general availability. Caveats discovered during testing but not addressed in this build are listed in *Errata on page 9*.

A list of new or updated documents for this release appears in *Documentation Updates on page 14*.

Configuration guides, white papers, data sheets, and other documentation can be found on ADTRAN's Support Forum, https://supportforums.adtran.com. The contents of these release notes will focus on the platforms listed below.

Supported Platforms

The following platforms are supported in AOS version R10.5.1. To confirm the Boot ROM version of the ADTRAN unit, Telnet or console to the unit and issue the **show version** command. In the command output, the Boot ROM version will be listed as **Boot ROM version XX.XX.XX**. If you require a Boot ROM upgrade, please contact ADTRAN Technical Support (support@adtran.com or 888-423-8726) for assistance.

Platform	Standard Feature	Enhanced Feature	SBC Feature	Minimum Boot ROM
NetVanta 644	Pack	$rac{ extsf{Pack}}{}$	Pack	A5.01.B1
NetVanta 1234/1234P (2nd Gen. only)	√ √			XB.01.02
NetVanta 1238/1238P (2nd Gen. only)	√ √			XB.01.02
NetVanta 1534	√			17.06.03.00
NetVanta 1534 (2nd Gen.)	√			17.08.01.00
NetVanta 1534P (2nd Gen.)	√			17.09.01.00
NetVanta 1535P	√			17.08.01.00
NetVanta 1544/1544F	√ V			17.06.03.00
NetVanta 1544 (2nd Gen.)	√ V			17.08.01.00
NetVanta 1544P (2nd Gen.)	√ V			17.09.01.00
NetVanta 1638	√ V			18.02.01.SC
NetVanta 1638P	√ V			18.02.01.SC
NetVanta 1335		V		15.01.00
NetVanta 3120		V		14.04.00
NetVanta 3130		V		14.04.00
NetVanta 3200/3205 (3rd Gen. only)	V	V		17.02.01.00
NetVanta 3305 (2nd Gen. only)	V	V		04.02.00
NetVanta 3430	√ √	V		13.03.SB
NetVanta 3430 (2nd Gen.)	√ √	V	V	17.05.01.00
NetVanta 3448	√ √	V		13.03.SB
NetVanta 3450	√ √	V		17.06.01.00

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Platform	Standard Feature	Feature	SBC Feature	Minimum Boot ROM
	Pack	Pack	Pack	
NetVanta 3458	\ \	V		17.06.01.00
NetVanta 4305 (2nd Gen. only)	√ √	V		08.01.00
NetVanta 4430	√ √	V	V	17.04.01.00
NetVanta 5305	√ √	V		11.03.00
NetVanta 6240		V	V	A5.01.00
NetVanta 6310		V	V	A3.01.B2
NetVanta 6330		V	V	A3.01.B2
NetVanta 6355		V	V	A2.06.B1
Total Access 900 Series (2nd Gen. only)		V		14.04.00
Total Access 900e Series (2nd Gen. only)		V	V	14.05.00.SA

System Notes

Beginning with AOS version 17.09.01, the syntax of certain commands was modified from previous AOS versions by either removing or adding the **ip** keyword. In general, when the **ip** keyword appears in a command, it signifies that the command is only applicable to IPv4 functionality. As more features introduce IPv6 support, the **ipv6** keyword is added to signify the command is only applicable to IPv6 functionality. The **ip** keyword has been removed from several commands to signify that the command has both IPv4 and IPv6 functionality.

Due to this syntax change, downgrading a unit configured in AOS version R10.5.1 to a previous AOS version, could cause service disruption because the new syntax might not be recognized by the previous version. Upgrading a unit from an older AOS version to AOS version R10.5.1 will cause no service disruption because both the old and the new syntaxes are accepted. For more information on specific commands, refer to the AOS Command Reference Guide available at https://supportforums.adtran.com.

R10.1.0 resolved a BGP implementation issue that slightly changed its behavior. Prior to R10.1.0, a static default route could be redistributed to BGP peers when the command **redistribute static** was configured. As of R10.1.0, a default static route will not be redistributed without being explicitly configured with a **network 0.0.0 0.0.0** statement.

Features and Enhancements

This section highlights the major features, commands, and behavioral changes for all Converged Access products running AOS version R10.5.0.

- Added support for advertising IPv6 routes and prefixes via OPSF version 3.
- Added support for IPv6 loopback interfaces.

This section highlights the voice specific features, commands, and behavioral changes available in products running AOS version R10.5.0.

- The SIP proxy and SIP B2BUA can now be configured to run on a non-default VRF.
- Added support for the Quad BRI S/T NIM2 module.

Release Notes R10.5.1 Fixes

• Added support for two E1/PRIs along with a SIP trunk on the NetVanta 6355. One PRI connects to the PSTN and recovers timing, and the other connect to a PBX and sources timing.

- In the CLI, the output of the **show voice quality-stats**, **show media-gateway**, **show media-gateway session**, and **show media-gateway channel** commands has been enhanced for greater accuracy and readability. Corresponding changes have been made to the **Call Quality Stats**, **RTP Channel Stats**, and **RTP Session Stats** pages in the GUI.
- Added enhancements to Auto-Config, including support for Broadsoft Device Management.
- Added the ability to generate a call progress tones with call disconnect messages on network role ETSI PRI/BRI interfaces. Also added the ability to receive call progress tones on disconnect messages on user role ETSI PRI/BRI interfaces.

Fixes

This section highlights major bug fixes for all products running AOS version R10.5.1

- On an AOS unit acting as a DNS proxy, the unit could reboot when a client attempted to resolve a domain name and the DNS servers could not reached.
- When acting as an access controller for NetVanta 160 Access Points, an AOS device became unable to push configuration changes to the access points.
- When the ADSL interface on a Total Access 900 with ADSL2+ was administratively shut down, the Net LED would remain red.

This section highlights major bug fixes for all products running AOS version R10.5.0.

- Upgrading to firmware version R10.4.0 on the second generation NetVanta 1534P and 1544P caused the chassis fans to stall.
- In the CLI, the **logging forwarding auxiliary-receiver-ip** < ip address> command was not accepted as a valid command.
- On a NetVanta 1638, if an IP address was removed from a VLAN interface, devices in that VLAN were not properly added to the local route cache.
- Issuing the command **show ip route** for an IP address that was configured on a loopback interface would yield incorrect results.
- In certain cases, TCP traffic sent over or received on a GRE tunnel caused a reboot.
- When redistributing seemingly identical networks with different subnet masks (for example, 192.168.0.0/24 and 192.168.0.0/16) from BGP to OSPF, only the least specific route was properly advertised.
- Abbreviating the **show running-config** | **include** < *text*> command with **s run** | **include** < *text*> would not function.
- The administrative distance on a static route could not be changed without removing and re-adding the static route with the new administrative distance.
- The NTP server configuration could not be modified in the GUI.
- BGP would not propagate MED to eBGP neighbors when an outbound route-map was used to set the metric.

Release Notes R10.5.1 Fixes

• Selecting the Clear button on the Cable Diagnostics GUI menu generated a 503 Service Unavailable response.

- Browsing to the Debug Unit menu in the GUI, could generate a 404 Not Found response.
- When creating a DHCP pool in the GUI, the NTP server field was automatically populated with the characters ::. This caused the DHCP pool creation to fail if the characters were not manually removed prior to selecting Apply.
- The help text for the global configuration command **sntp server** incorrectly implied that it disabled the local SNTP server, although the command only modified the local SNTP client.
- The destination IP address displayed in the output of the **debug snmp** command would indicate that the ADTRAN unit was sending a reply to one of it's local IP addresses.
- NetVanta units did not respond with the correct ICMP message when a UDP traceroute was directed at the unit.
- In rare cases on a NetVanta 1535P, the ActivReach connection failed to achieve link.
- The GUI Cable Diagnostics menu would not automatically refresh.
- The Ping utility in the GUI would display a more latent ping time for the first ping.
- The default SSID on a NetVanta 150 did not display properly on the virtual access point (VAP) configuration menu.
- Removing the traffic shape rate configuration from an interface resulted in two bandwidth configurations on the interface.
- Output from **show interface [ethernet** < *slot/port*> | **gigabit-ethernet** < *slot/port*>] command displayed incorrect information about the queuing implementation of the interface when 802.1q encapsulation was applied.
- The AOS CLI removed existing child QoS maps from a parent QoS map's configuration when attempting to remove an alternate, nonexistent child QoS map from the parent QoS map prompt.
- The **max-reserved-bandwidth** command was removed from an Ethernet interface when changing the encapsulation to 802.1q.
- HDLC keepalives could not be disabled from the CLI.
- The Analog Modem DIM would not function when attached to a second generation Dual T1 NIM.

This section highlights the voice specific bug fixes in products running AOS version R10.5.1, unless otherwise noted

- In rare cases, a PRI interface would not recover if the T1 interface it was connected to dropped and then recovered in a short period of time.
- When using a PRI network role, if the ISDN T303 timer expired, a reboot could have occurred.
- If a unit configured with the **sip-server rollover service-unavailable-or-timeout** command received a 503 Service Unavailable response to a SIP REGISTER message, no additional registrar servers would be contacted.
- For any device that did not support Multi-VRF for SIP (i.e. NetVanta 600 Series, NetVanta 3100 Series, and NetVanta 7000 Series), SIP access-classes blocked all SIP traffic.
- When using media anchoring, if one side stopped sending RTP longer than the value set using the **ip rtp session timeout** command, then the media anchoring entry for the opposite direction would also be removed.

Release Notes R10.5.1 Fixes

• If a reINVITE was received shortly or immediately after the ACK for the initial INVITE, the ADTRAN unit would respond with a 491 Request Pending. This caused a delay in the connection of two-way audio.

- The NetVanta 644 would not process ARP requests for IP addresses assigned to a loopback interface.
- SIP syntax error events will no longer be logged if they are automatically corrected by the unit.

This section highlights the voice specific bug fixes in products running AOS version R10.5.0, unless otherwise noted.

- Received SIP messages that contained more than one SDP media description caused a reboot.
- When using MGCP against a Metaswitch, if the Metaswitch instructed the unit to play a call waiting tone, audio would be lost if the second incoming call was not answered.
- When using SIP proxy user templates in stateful mode, ACK messages may not have been sent with the correct IP address in the Request-URI.
- With remote phones configured, if a remote phone sent a BYE without a Contact header, the corresponding 200 OK was sent to UDP 5060 instead of the layer 4 source port received in the BYE.
- On a Total Access 900 or Total Access 900e, if a user navigated to the T1 interface GUI menu from the physical interfaces GUI menu and enabled Continuous Refresh for the T1 statistics, the T1 would begin taking clock slips if timing was being provided on that interface.
- If an IPBG was configured with Australia as the country code, there would be a five second delay in the ring cadence between the first and second ring.
- Output of the **show voice quality-stats** command may have displayed a larger average delay than the maximum value.
- The Remote section of the **show media-gateway session** command output displayed **SIP description** for all calls, including MGCP calls.
- Out of Order packets may have appeared as a negative value in the **show voice quality-stats** command output.
- If an unsupported packetization period was presented to the ADTRAN unit in an SDP answer, no indication that the presented ptime was not supported by the ADTRAN unit was sent to the remote user agent. This resulted in no talk path.

Errata

The following is a list of errata that still exist in all products running AOS version R10.5.1.

• In certain cases, a router will not be able to properly receive IKE messages, preventing IPsec tunnels from being negotiated. Saving the configuration with **ip crypto** enabled, and rebooting the router will resolve the issue.

- It is not possible to configure an 802.1q subinterface for DHCP from the GUI, even though it can be accomplished from the CLI.
- When installed in a NetVanta 6310/6330 Series, the interface on a SHDSL Annex A NIM drops during RFC 2544 performance testing.
- In certain scenarios, the H.323 ALG may not properly translate the application layer information.
- An SNMP walk of the NetVanta 6355 lists the physical address for the first interface index only.
- When a switchport on a NetVanta 1535P is running forced speed 100 Mbps in standard mode (not ActivReach mode), jumbo frames greater than 9000 bytes will be dropped.
- When configured for **terminal length 0**, certain **show** commands do not provide complete output.
- The chassis fans in NetVanta 1500 Series switches oscillate at a higher frequency than expected during periods when the switch is not being heavily utilized.
- The last reboot on a NetVanta 1638 may indicate *System returned to ROM by Watchdog Timeout* even on a manual reboot.
- The current AOS implementation of DHCP message construction may result in Windows XP machines not adopting the DNS servers defined in the DHCP Offer. A workaround using a numbered IP/hex option will allow the message to be constructed in a manner that Windows XP will accept. Microsoft also offers a hotfix to resolve this Windows issue.
- The system clock may drift and lose synchronization with higher stratum devices when NTP is enabled. This issue only affects the NetVanta 3448, 3458, and 6240 products.
- When configuring BGP redistribution, if a protocol is already being redistributed into BGP and a new **redistribute** *<source protocol>* command is issued specifying the same source protocol with a new MED value, the new MED value is not applied until the BGP process is restarted.
- In rare cases on a NetVanta 1535P, a negotiated ActivReach link of 100M 4-pair mode may drop.
- Certain OIDs in the Bridge-MIB may not return a value on a second generation NetVanta 123X switch.
- Certain commands referencing an ACL using quotation marks and spaces cannot be saved properly.
- When a switchport is set to ActivReach mode, a NetVanta 1535P does not support auto MDI/MDIX when the port is connected to a non-ActivReach device (i.e., a standard Ethernet device). If the connected device does not support auto MDI/MDIX, the link will not be established.
- The L3 switch statistics incorrectly report forwarded frames when subjected to a traffic stream consisting of invalid IPV4 header checksum values. The frames are properly dropped by the switch, but the statistics counter erroneously reports frames being forwarded.
- The parent map QoS statistics must be cleared in order to clear the child map statistics.
- A specific QoS map entry cannot be cleared without the entire map being cleared.
- A large enough drift in the system clock can cause an error when the NTP server attempts to synchronize.
- On a NetVanta 1335, a switchport that is configured as a port channel cannot change the edge port mode and cannot be changed from a port channel to another configuration using the GUI.

• The output for **show ipv6 interfaces** < *ipv6 interface*> **prefix** displays incorrect values for the Valid and Preferred Lifetimes.

- The **show interfaces** command output for multilink Frame Relay interfaces will display an incorrect available bandwidth value when a physical link residing in the bundle is down.
- Removing an NTP server configuration does not properly remove that server from the NTP associations table.
- When a QoS map is applied to a VLAN interface, the NetVanta 3448 and 3458 platforms fail to reset QoS map statistics after the **clear counters** command is issued. The **clear qos map** command will clear the statistics properly.
- The VLAN ID for an access point cannot be changed using the GUI.
- The **show atm pvc** counters do not increment.
- The **show bridge** *<number>* command might not show any entries.
- The T1 EFM counters do not increment as traffic passes through the device.
- On a NetVanta 1534, if an interface is configured as a port mirror destination (monitor session 1 destination interface gigabit-switchport <slot/port>), then port authentication will no longer be configurable on that port, even after removal of the port mirror command from the configuration.
- A VLAN interface for a VLAN that is not accessed by other switchports will not be advertised by GVRP.
- The NetVanta 1638 fails to count output discards when throttling down the transmission of traffic (as a result of receiving pause frames).
- The input/output rate counters for a T1 interface are exaggerated for approximately 15 seconds after clearing them.
- The GUI statistics page for the SHDSL interface does not refresh when in 4-wire mode.
- The GUI shows invalid line rate options for a SHDSL interface in 2-wire mode.
- The GUI line rate options for a SHDSL interface do not match those of the CLI.
- Adding an IPv6-enabled PPP interface to a bridge group does not require the user to first remove the IPv6 address from the PPP interface.
- Configuring over 1200 VNS entries on the NetVanta 3448 causes a SIP Pre-Parse error.
- The VNS verification process does not remove inconsistent A-type records from the host table after the configured number of attempts.
- Configuring a port channel on a NetVanta 3448 can cause the STP topology to become unstable.
- Switch platforms count input discards on the ingress interface when receiving 802.3x pause frames.
- Changing the route metric value using **ipv6 address autoconfig default metric** < *value* > command does not change the administrative distance of the default route.
- The NetVanta 5305 can drop some traffic prioritized by class-based weighted fair queuing (CBWFQ) on a MLPPP interface when a stand-alone QoS map is applied.
- The output queue statistics on an Ethernet interface can fail to display output queue drops when FIFO is enabled.
- Prioritized traffic can be dropped at a significant rate on PPP interfaces when using a parent QoS map (that references a child map with priority allocation), if the shaped rate is configured for more than 75 percent of the line rate.

• The CLI does not display the correct value for Required Bandwidth in the event message generated by applying a QoS map.

- The output from **show qos map interface ppp 1** displays incorrect values for the number of packets sent.
- The NetVanta 5305 can fail to generate an event message to confirm that a QoS map has been applied.
- The name of a deleted IPv4 ACL cannot be used to name a new IPv6 ACL.
- A Spanning Tree L2 broadcast storm lasting several hours can cause the NetVanta 1335 to reboot.
- The L3 Switch Header Error and Discard counters on the NetVanta 1544P (second generation) do not increment.
- The pass phrase for the Wireless Wizard does not persist across reboots.
- Removing and restoring cross-connects multiple times can cause the PC configuration thread depth to reach 100 percent.
- Rapidly removing and adding cross-connects using the CONSOLE port and SSH at the same time can result in a reboot.
- When a switchport on a NetVanta 3458 is configured for **port-security**, it does not receive BPDUs. If multiple connections between the NetVanta 3458 and another switch are made, a switching loop could occur because both ports will automatically enter a forwarding state even though the Spanning Tree protocol should cause one port to enter a blocking state.
- Adding a track with a space in its name to a route will cause the route to be lost on reboot.
- Performance issues were experienced when using the SHDSL ATM NIM2 on the NetVanta 6310/6330.
- In certain cases, the system uptime reported via SNMP is less than the actual system uptime.
- If the **ethernet-cfm** command is configured on a MEF Ethernet interface, the output of the following CLI commands is not formatted properly:
 - 1. show ethernet cfm association
 - 2. show ethernet cfm stack
 - 3. show ethernet cfm mep local
 - 4. show ethernet cfm mep local detail
- Using the command **debug ethernet cfm loopback request domain** *<domain name>* to filter Ethernet CFM loopback debugs may not display the debug output to the console. Removing the filter and using the **debug ethernet cfm loopback request** command will function properly.
- Performance throughput for 66 byte packets on the NetVanta 6355 4T1/NAT test cases has decreased approximately 40 percent. All other packet sizes, including IMIX traffic, have acceptable throughput.
- If the top level ATM interface on a SHDSL ATM NIM2 module is disabled and re-enabled, the ATM circuit will no longer be able to pass traffic. The ADTRAN unit must be rebooted to correct the problem.
- The NetVanta 6240 should send warm_start SNMP traps when the unit is told to reboot by software. It should only send cold_start traps when the power is cycled. Instead, it is sending cold_start traps, even when reloaded by software.
- In the VQM RTP Monitoring menu, the Source IPs and Interfaces menus have invisible data points that appear and display data when the cursor hovers over them. The invisible data point information duplicates a visible data point and can usually be found hidden above the visible data point.

• In the VQM RTP Monitoring menu, the refresh button refreshes the displayed graphic, but it also duplicates information in the lower part of the menu. Also, when the cursor hovers over a data point, it displays multiple instances of the same data.

- On a NetVanta 6310, if a SHDSL circuit with a detected bad splice retrains to a different
- line rate, the distance of the bad splice will display incorrectly.
- The NetVanta 6310 drops approximately 1 out of every 15K packets from the SHDSL to Ethernet direction with the SHDSL ATM NIM2.

The following is a list of voice specific errata that exist in products running AOS version R10.5.1, unless otherwise noted.

- Calls into a ring group will not connect properly.
- On routers without the SBC feature pack, the **ip sip qos dscp** command is not available.
- On a SIP-to-SIP call through the B2BUA, if the destination SIP server does not respond to an INVITE, the unit may send a 400 Bad Request response to the original INVITE instead of a 503 Service Unavailable response.
- The call duration in the **show voice call summary active** command output is reset after receiving a SIP reINVITE.
- It is possible to configure a UDP port range for the DSP that will overlap with the firewall traversal port range used by RTP Firewall Traversal. This can cause one-way audio.
- The **voice number-complete disable pound** command does not function properly on CAS trunks.
- When the hex encoding of # (%23) is received in a SIP URI, it is not properly converted back to # before being processed by the switchboard.
- Enabling VQM can cause audio to be lost when using the Simple Remote Phone feature.
- AOS does not properly handle more than two Diversion headers that are appended with a comma.
- NetVanta 6240 only: While running 29 or greater simultaneous calls using E&M Immediate, Wink, or Feature Group D, it is possible to get in a state where DTMF tone detection will not function on any outbound (DSX to SIP) call that uses DSP 0/1.15 or higher. While in this failed state, all calls in either call direction on DSP 0/2 and all calls in the inbound direction on DSP0/1 will continue to function. With a load of 28 or fewer calls, all calls will function reliably in both directions on both DSPs. No consistent work around has been identified at this time. A unit reboot will typically fix the problem.
- For SIP to PRI calls on which the called party number is in E.164 format, the called party number will not be presented to the PRI unless **voice international-prefix abbreviated** is configured
- When using MGCP, if the received caller ID name from the call agent is the O flag to indicate that it is unavailable, the unit will send the text string **Unavailable** as the caller ID name to the FXS port, instead of sending the O flag for the name.
- Connection information (c=) in a media description does not override connection information in session description.
- If the ADTRAN device is configured with single call appearance mode, forwarded calls on a PRI trunk will fail.
- SIP traffic will not route to a SIP server on a remote network unless a static default route exists.
- The GUI on the Total Access 900/900e series lists T1 clocking options that are not valid for the product (i.e., System and Through)

• On either a voice trunk or a voice user with a CODEC list configured, entering the command **no codec-list** *list name> <direction>* always removes the *list name>*, regardless of the configured direction.

- When using the local conferencing feature, echo cancellation is not enabled on three-way calls.
- If the route to the primary SIP server is invalid or points to null 0, SIP server rollover does not function properly.
- The CLI does not prevent users from configuring invalid SIP to PRI cause-code mappings.
- On the Total Access 900e platform, when 44 PRI calls (PRI to SIP direction only) and any number of analog calls (any direction) are active, the 44th PRI call will not connect approximately 80 percent of the time. Call flows of 44 PRI only calls and 44 SIP to PRI with analog calls function properly.
- On a second generation Total Access 900e with two PRI configurations, there will be no audio path on the 48th and subsequent calls.
- The Total Access 900e Series cannot properly handle more than 40 simultaneous E&M RBS calls. More than 40 simultaneously active calls could result in no dial tone or no audio on the last 8 channels.
- During G.711 A-law SIP to ETSI PRI calls, low voice quality scores are experienced on the outbound audio stream towards the SIP network. This issue is not seen on the ETSI PRI endpoints or with G.711 u-law and G.729 CODECs. A person listening to the audio on the SIP side will hear audio just below G.729 quality.
- The output of the command **show ethernet cfm mep local** may display an incorrect maintenance association for a MEPID if multiple maintenance associations are configured on the unit.
- On the NetVanta 6240 Series, over an extended period of use, T.38 calls can cause DSP channels to cease producing a dial tone and have poor voice quality. Rebooting the unit will correct the problem.
- DSP captures on the NetVanta 6240 and 644 platforms consume large amounts of memory while in progress. The unit could become unstable if a DSP capture is active for an unusually long period of time.
- The NetVanta 6240 Series IPBGs could reboot if 60 simultaneous calls are placed through the DSP.
- On NetVanta 6240 Series units, V.21 messages will sound overly amplified when listening to the TX output of a T.38 DSP capture. This is a flaw of the capture utility and not representative of how the audio actually sounds.
- Using the HEAD acoustics test suite, some G.168 echo cancellation test cases fail on the NetVanta 6240 and NetVanta 644. These same tests pass on Total Access 900 Series units. There is no reason to believe this would affect a customer in the field.
- If the configuration includes a secondary IP address, executing an SNMP walk results in a failure at the ipAdEntAddr OID with error OID not increasing. If the secondary IP address is removed, the walk completes successfully.
- If a SIP trunk is trying to register a large number of users and the registration fails, activating **debug sip trunk-registration** will cause the Telnet and console connection to become unresponsive. This occurs on the NetVanta 6310/6330 Series platforms only. A reboot clears the condition.
- With multiple PRIs in the same ISDN group, bringing one PRI down will cause calls that should use the other PRI to fail. A workaround is to use two ISDN groups that only contain one PRI each.
- With the ADTRAN unit set for **voice flashhook mode transparent**, the conference originator must wait for the third party to answer before executing the flashhook to initiate the conference.

Upgrade Instructions

Upgrading ADTRAN products to the latest version of AOS firmware is explained in detail in the configuration guide *Upgrading Firmware in AOS*, available at https://supportforums.adtran.com.

Documentation Updates

The following documents were updated or newly released for AOS version R10.5.1 or later specifically for the AOS products. These documents can be found on ADTRAN's Support Forum available at https://supportforums.adtran.com. You can select the hyperlink below to be immediately redirected to the document.

- AOS Command Reference Guide
- NetVanta 160/161 Wireless Configuration Guide
- NetVanta 150 Wireless Configuration Guide
- Configuring IPv6 in AOS
- Configuring Call Queuing on the NetVanta 7000 Series
- Session Border Controllers in AOS
- Configuring SMDR Reports for the NetVanta 7000 Series
- Configuring Transcoding in AOS
- Configuring Media Anchoring in AOS
- AOS Voice International Configuration Guide
- Configuring the NetVanta 7000 Series Personal Phone Manager
- Configuring Music On Hold on the NetVanta 7000 Series
- NetVanta Ethernet Port Protection Device Quick Start Guide
- NetVanta 1230 Series (2nd Gen) Hardware Installation Guide
- NetVanta 1535P ActivReach Ethernet Switch Quick Start Guide
- NetVanta ActivReach Media Converter Quick Start Guide