



## TECHNICAL SUPPORT NOTE

### Introduction to the VPN Menu in the Web GUI

#### Featuring ADTRAN OS and the Web GUI

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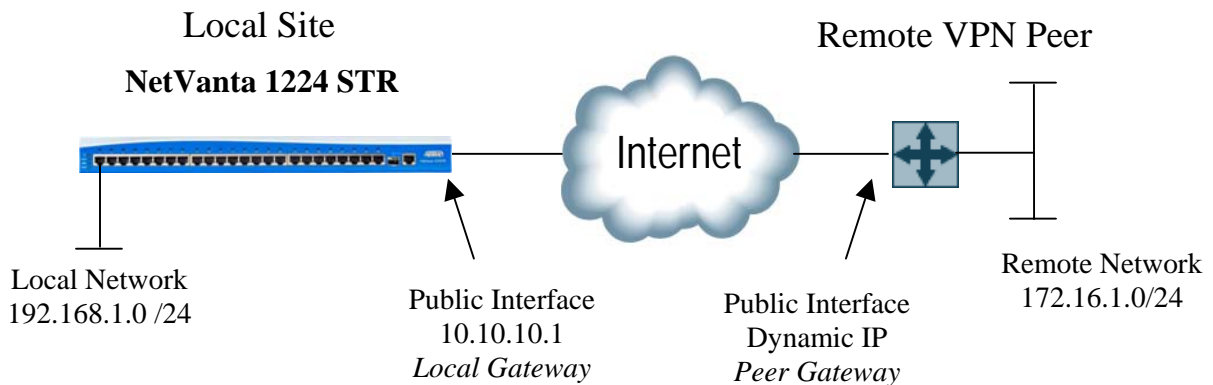
## Introduction

This Technical Support Note shows the different options available in the VPN menu of the ADTRAN OS Web GUI.



## VPN SECURITY POLICIES

There are many options that affect the connections in a VPN security policy. To establish secure communication with the remote site you need to configure matching VPN policies on both sides of the VPN connection. An outbound VPN policy on one end should match the inbound VPN policy on other end, and vice versa.



## SAMPLE MATCHING VPN POLICIES

<u>LOCAL SITE</u>	<u>REMOTE VPN PEER</u>
Local Public Address Type = Static/10.10.10.1 Remote Peer Public Address Type = Dynamic	Remote Public Add. Type = Static/10.10.10.1 Local Public Address Type = Dynamic
Remote Private Network = 172.16.1.0 /24 Local Private Network = 192.168.1.0 /24	Local Private Network = 172.16.1.0 /24 Remote Private Network = 192.168.1.0 /24
Auth Type: PSK = GoADTRAN	Auth Type: PSK = GoADTRAN
Remote ID Type = Email Address Remote ID Value = training@adtran.com Local ID Type = IP Address Local ID Value = 10.10.10.1	Local ID Type = Email Address Local ID Value = training@adtran.com Remote ID Type = IP Address Remote ID Value = 10.10.10.1
<u>IKE Phase 1</u> Respond Mode = Aggressive Initiate Mode = None Encryption Algorithm: 3DES Hash Algorithm: SHA Diffie Hellman Group: 2 IKE SA Lifetime: 10800 seconds	<u>IKE Phase 1</u> Initiate Mode = Aggressive Respond Mode = None Encryption Algorithm: 3DES Hash Algorithm: SHA Diffie Hellman Group: 2 IKE SA Lifetime: 10800 seconds
<u>IPSec Phase 2</u> Encryption Algorithm: 3DES Hash Algorithm: SHA PFS: Group 2 IPSec SA Lifetime: 3600 seconds IPSec SA Lifetime : 0 KBytes	<u>IPSec Phase 2</u> Encryption Algorithm: 3DES Hash Algorithm: SHA PFS: Group 2 IPSec SA Lifetime: 3600 seconds IPSec SA Lifetime : 0 KBytes

# NetVanta VPN GUI Configuration

The addition of the VPN configuration options to the GUI interface greatly eases the VPN configuration - especially when compared to the command line VPN configuration. This module presents the GUI method of VPN configuration from using wizards to manually defining VPN parameters.

## VPN Menu

The VPN menu is only displayed on units with the ADTRAN OS Enhanced Feature Pack Upgrade. The Standard Feature Pack is the default operating system and ships as the standard configuration on every NetVanta platform. The Enhanced Feature Pack adds the VPN functionality to the Standard Feature Pack and can either be added at the time of original purchase or purchased as an Upgrade at a later date.

## VPN Wizard

The VPN Wizard will take you through a step by step process of adding a VPN peer to your configuration. You can select from one of two types of wizards. The Typical Setup Wizard is recommended for users not very familiar with the all the settings for IKE and IPSec. The Custom Setup Wizard is recommended for users who have knowledge about IKE and IPSec or for users who want to create non-standard VPN Peer Configurations.

## VPN Peers

The VPN Peers menu directs you to the advanced VPN Policy configuration. From here you can create, modify, view, and delete VPN Peers, configure individual IKE and IPSec policies, or disable/enable VPN functionality.

## Certificates

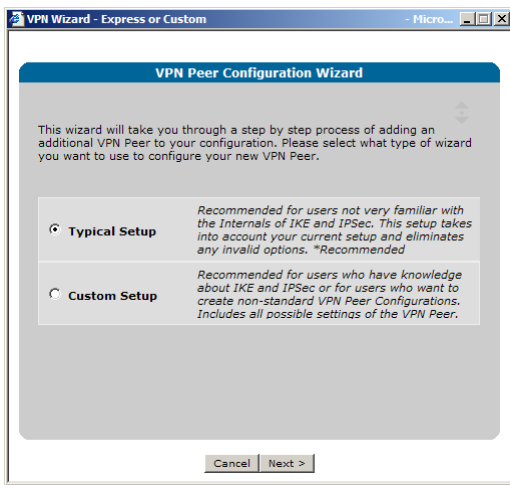
The Certificate menu item accesses the Certificate Authority Profiles screen. From, you can add, modify, or delete Certificate Authority profiles and policies.

# VPN Wizard - Typical Setup

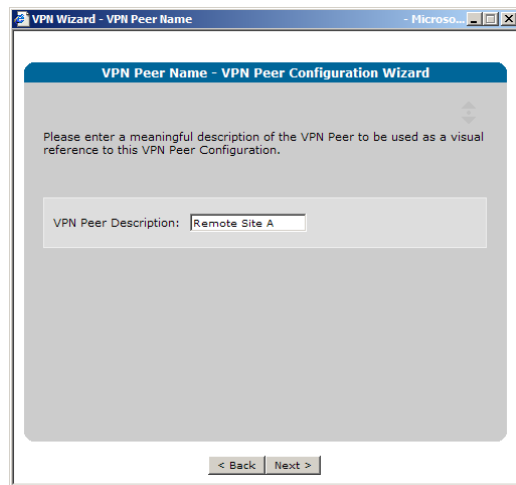
This Wizard is recommended for users not very familiar with all the settings for IKE and IPSec. You will be taken through a step by step configuration of a remote VPN peer where you are prompted for the local and remote gateways, ID's, and network traffic to protect with this VPN policy.

## Using the 'Typical Setup' VPN Configuration Wizard

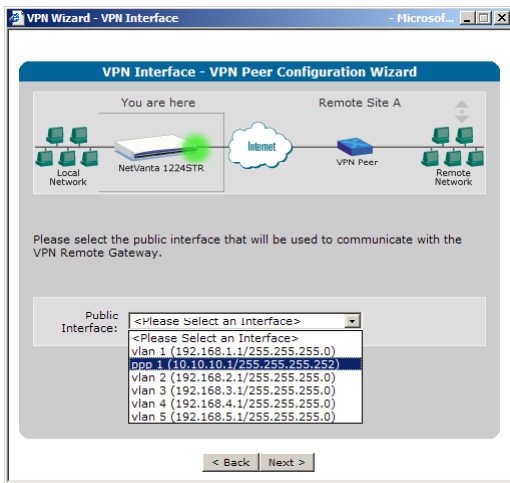
1) After selecting the VPN Wizard, choose Typical Setup.



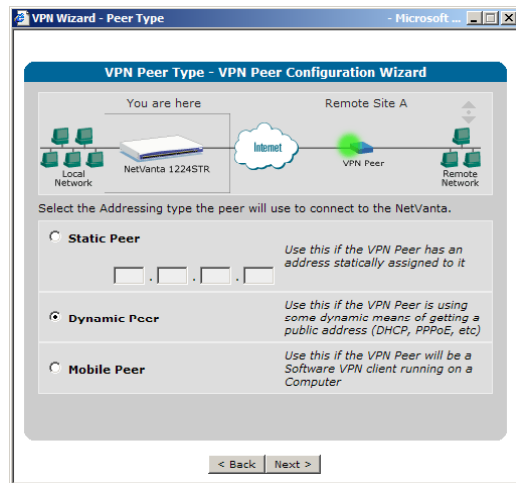
2) Enter a description of the remote VPN peer.



3) Select the local public interface that will be used to communicate with the remote VPN Gateway.



4) Select the address type the Remote VPN peer will use to connect to the NetVanta.



## Using the 'Typical Setup' VPN Configuration Wizard (Continued...)

5) Specify the remote VPN Peer's private network that will communicate with the local private network.

The screenshot shows the 'Remote Network - VPN Peer Configuration Wizard' window. It features a network diagram at the top with 'Local Network', 'NetVanta 1224STR', 'Internet', 'VPN Peer', and 'Remote Network' components. Below the diagram, the text reads: 'Please enter the VPN Peer's Private network that will communicate with the NetVanta's Private Network.' There are two input fields: 'Remote Subnet' with the value '172.16.100.0' and 'Remote Subnet Mask' with the value '255.255.255.0'. Explanatory text states: 'This is the Subnet on the private interface of the Remote Router' and 'This is the network mask of the subnet above'. Navigation buttons '< Back' and 'Next >' are at the bottom.

6) Select or specify the local private network that will access the remote VPN Peer's private network.

The screenshot shows the 'Local Network - VPN Peer Configuration Wizard' window. It features a network diagram at the top. Below the diagram, the text reads: 'Please enter another Network on the Private side of the NetVanta that will access the VPN Peer's Private Network.' There are three input fields: 'Use Network from:' with a dropdown menu, 'Local Subnet' with a list of IP addresses including '192.168.4.0/255.255.255.0' which is highlighted, and 'Local Subnet Mask' with a dropdown menu. Explanatory text states: 'Select an interface's network or specify the network', 'The subnet on the private interface of the NetVanta', and 'The network mask of the subnet'. Navigation buttons '< Back' and 'Next >' are at the bottom.

7) Select the type of authentication to use to authenticate the VPN Peer.

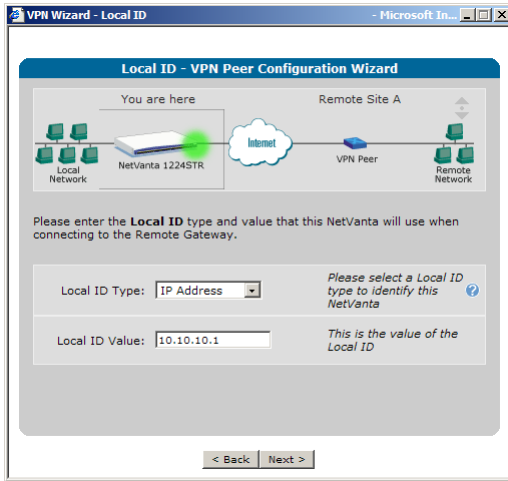
The screenshot shows the 'VPN Peer Authentication - VPN Peer Configuration Wizard' window. It features a network diagram at the top. Below the diagram, the text reads: 'Please enter the type of authentication to use to authenticate the VPN Peer'. There are three radio button options: 'Preshared Secret' (selected), 'RSA Certificate', and 'DSS Certificate'. A text input field next to 'Preshared Secret' contains the value 'GoADTRAN'. Navigation buttons '< Back' and 'Next >' are at the bottom.

8) Enter the Remote ID type and value used by the VPN Peer.

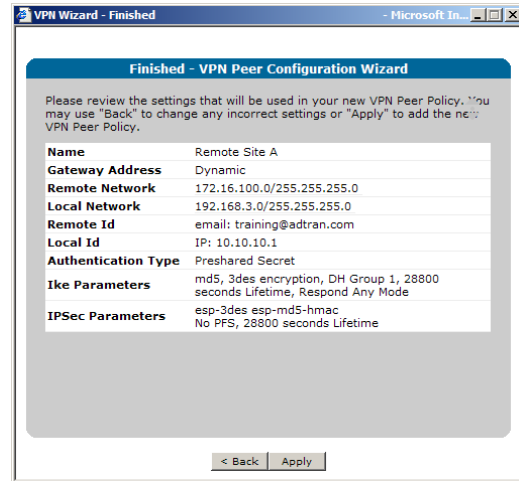
The screenshot shows the 'Remote ID - VPN Peer Configuration Wizard' window. It features a network diagram at the top. Below the diagram, the text reads: 'Please enter the Remote ID type and value used by the VPN Peer (this is a unique identifier for the Remote Gateway)'. There are two input fields: 'Remote ID Type' with a dropdown menu set to 'Email Address' and 'Remote ID Value' with the text input 'training@adtran.com'. Explanatory text states: 'Please select the type of ID the VPN Peer will be using to authenticate themselves' and 'This is the value of the Remote ID'. Navigation buttons '< Back' and 'Next >' are at the bottom.

## Using the 'Typical Setup' VPN Configuration Wizard (Continued...)

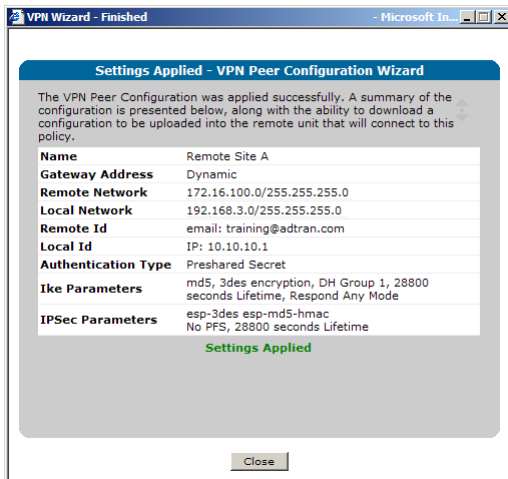
9) Enter the Local ID type and value that this NetVanta will use when connecting to the Remote Gateway.



10) Review the settings for your new VPN Peer policy. Click the Back button if you wish to make any changes. Click Apply if you wish to add the new VPN Peer policy.



11) The VPN Peer configuration was applied successfully. A summary of the configuration is displayed.



The VPN policies will be created and applied to the specified interface based on your selections. The following VPN configuration was created based on the above selections:

```

ip crypto
:
crypto ike policy 100
no initiate
respond anymode
local-id address 10.10.10.1
peer any
attribute 1
  encryption 3des
  hash md5
  authentication pre-share
:
crypto ike remote-id user-fqdn training@adtran.com preshared-key GoADTRAN
ike-policy 100 crypto map VPN 10 no-mode-config no-xauth
:
crypto ipsec transform-set esp-3des-esp-md5-hmac esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
mode tunnel
:
crypto map VPN 10 ipsec-ike
description Remote Site A
match address VPN-10-vpn-selectors
set transform-set esp-3des-esp-md5-hmac
ike-policy 100
:
** ip access-list standard wizard-ics
  remark Internet Connection Sharing
  permit any
:
** ip access-list extended self
  remark Traffic to NetVanta
  permit ip any any log
:
ip access-list extended VPN-10-vpn-selectors
  permit ip 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 172.16.100.0 0.0.0.255
  deny ip any any
:
ip policy-class Private
  allow list VPN-10-vpn-selectors
  allow list self self
**
  nat source list wizard-ics interface ppp 1 overload
:
ip policy-class Public
  allow reverse list VPN-10-vpn-selectors
**
  nat destination list wizard-pfwd-1 address 192.168.3.100

interface vlan 3
  ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface vlan 4
  ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface vlan 5
  ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface vlan 5
  ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface ppp 1
  ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.252
  access-policy Public
  crypto map VPN
:

```

\* Partial output displayed

\*\* Created by a previous firewall policy

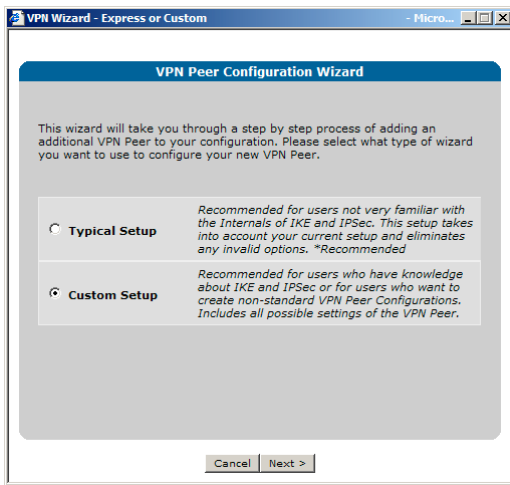
\* Remember to save your configuration to ensure the settings will not be lost after a restart.

# VPN Wizard - Custom Setup

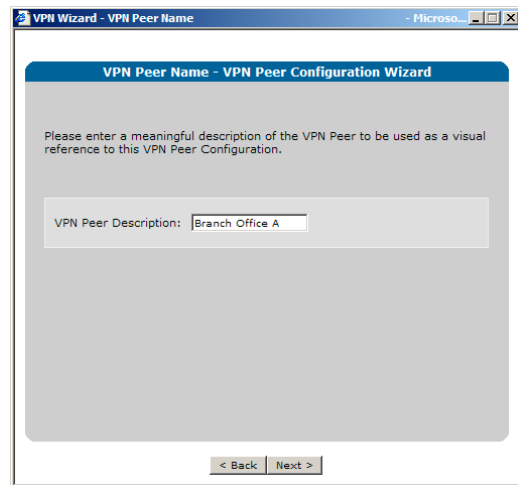
This Wizard is recommended for users who have knowledge about IKE and IPsec or for users who want to create non-standard VPN Peer Configurations. The first part of the wizard takes you through the same steps as the Typical Wizard where you define the local and remote gateways, ID's, and network traffic to be protected by this VPN policy. You are then given the chance to define remaining IKE and IPsec policy parameters.

## Using the 'Custom Setup' VPN Configuration Wizard

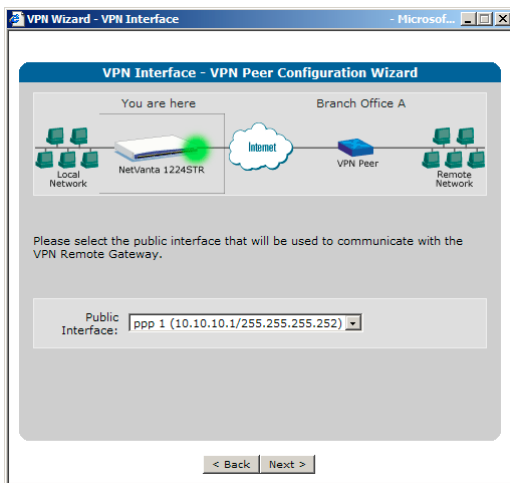
1) After selecting the VPN Wizard, choose Custom Setup.



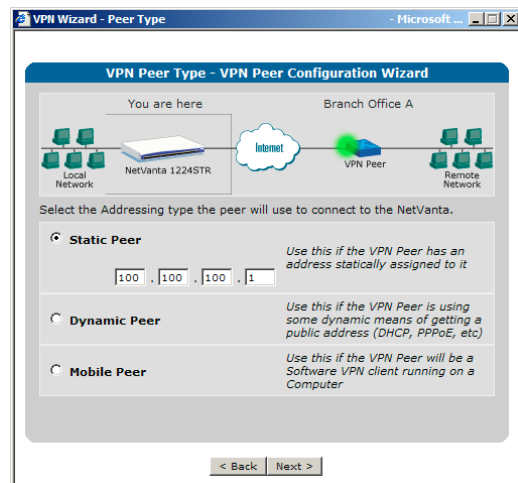
2) Enter a description of the remote VPN peer.



3) Select the local public interface that will be used to communicate with the remote VPN Gateway.



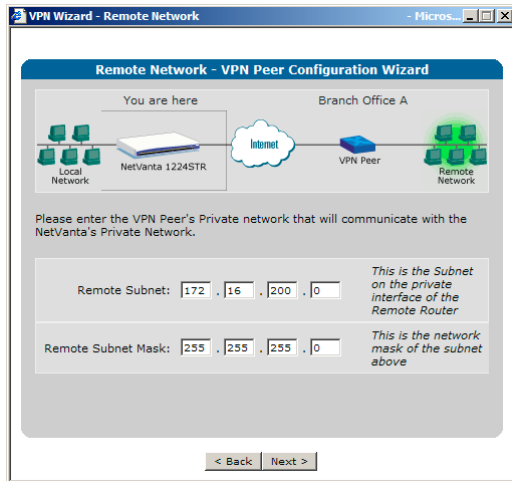
4) Select the address type the Remote VPN peer will use to connect to the NetVanta.



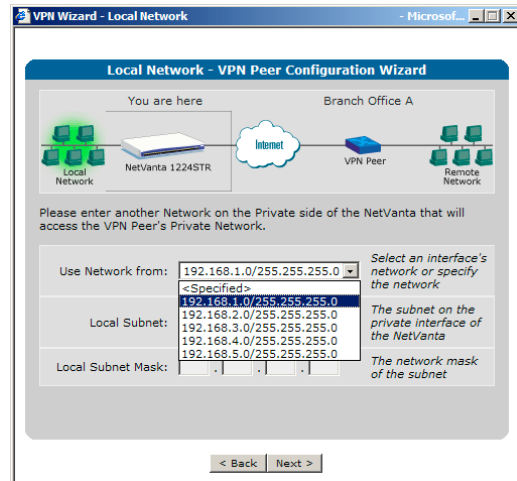


## Using the 'Custom Setup' VPN Configuration Wizard (Continued...)

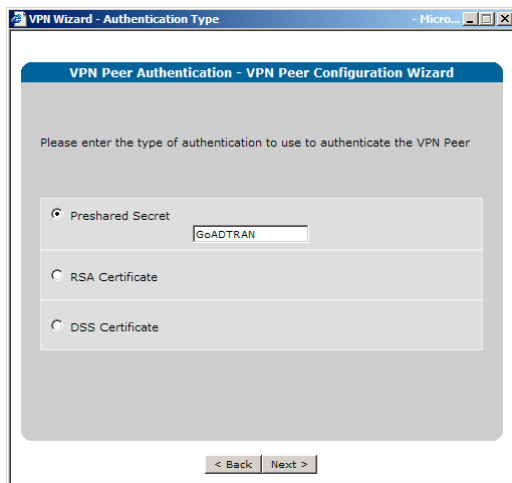
5) Specify the remote VPN Peer's private network that will communicate with the local private network.



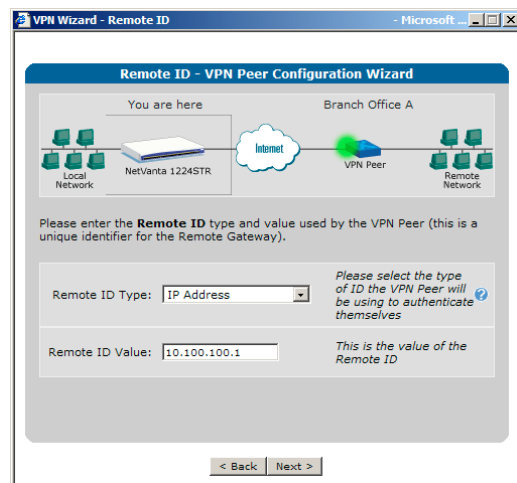
6) Select or specify the local private network that will access the remote VPN Peer's private network.



7) Select the type of authentication to use to authenticate the VPN Peer.



8) Enter the Remote ID type and value used by the VPN Peer.



## Using the 'Custom Setup' VPN Configuration Wizard (*Continued...*)

9) Enter the Local ID type and value that this NetVanta will use when connecting to the Remote Gateway.

**Local ID - VPN Peer Configuration Wizard**

You are here: Local Network, NetVanta 1224STR, Internet, VPN Peer, Remote Network

Please enter the **Local ID** type and value that this NetVanta will use when connecting to the Remote Gateway.

Local ID Type:  Please select a Local ID type to identify this NetVanta.

Local ID Value:  This is the value of the Local ID.

< Back Next >

10) Set desired IKE policy parameters for this VPN policy.

**IKE Advanced Parameters- VPN Peer Configuration Wizard**

You are able to change the default settings for IKE used in this wizard using this form.

Initiate Using:

Respond Using:

Hash Algorithm:

Encryption Algorithm:

Diffie Hellman Group:

IKE SA Lifetime:

< Back Next >

11) Set desired IPSec policy parameters for this VPN policy.

**IPSec Advanced Parameters- VPN Peer Configuration Wizard**

Encryption protects the privacy of the data on your VPN tunnel between VPN Peers. Encryption makes it difficult, though not impossible, for others to eavesdrop on transferred data.

Encryption Algorithm:

Perfect Forward Secrecy:

Lifetime in seconds:  seconds

Lifetime in Kilobytes:  Kbytes

< Back Next >

12) Review the settings for your new VPN Peer policy. Click the Back button if you wish to make any changes. Click Apply if you wish to add the new VPN Peer policy.

**Finished - VPN Peer Configuration Wizard**

Please review the settings that will be used in your new VPN Peer Policy. You may use "Back" to change any incorrect settings or "Apply" to add the new VPN Peer Policy.

<b>Name</b>	Branch Office A
<b>Gateway Address</b>	100.100.100.1
<b>Remote Network</b>	172.16.200.0/255.255.255.0
<b>Local Network</b>	192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0
<b>Remote Id</b>	IP: 100.100.100.1
<b>Local Id</b>	IP: 10.10.10.1
<b>Authentication Type</b>	Preshared Secret
<b>Ike Parameters</b>	sha, aes-256-cbc encryption, DH Group 2, 10800 seconds Lifetime, Initiate Main Mode, Respond Main Mode
<b>IPSec Parameters</b>	esp-aes-256-cbc esp-sha-hmac PFS Group 2, 3600 seconds Lifetime

< Back Apply

The VPN policies will be created and applied to the specified interface based on your selections. The following VPN configuration was created based on the above selections:

```

ip crypto
:
crypto ike policy 100
  initiate main
  respond main
  local-id address 10.10.10.1
  peer 100.100.100.1
  attribute 1
    encryption aes-256-cbc
    authentication pre-share
  group 2
  lifetime 10800
:
crypto ike remote-id address 100.100.100.1 preshared-key GoADTRAN ike-policy 100
crypto map VPN 10 no-mode-config no-xauth
:
crypto ipsec transform-set esp-aes-256-cbc-esp-sha-hmac esp-aes-256-cbc esp-sha-hmac
:
crypto map VPN 10 ipsec-ike
  description Branch Office A
  match address VPN-10-vpn-selectors1
  set peer 100.100.100.1
  set transform-set esp-aes-256-cbc-esp-sha-hmac
  set security-association lifetime seconds 3600
  set pfs group2
  ike-policy 100
:
** ip access-list standard wizard-ics
  remark Internet Connection Sharing
  permit any
:
** ip access-list extended self
  remark Traffic to NetVanta
  permit ip any any log
:
ip access-list extended VPN-10-vpn-selectors1
  permit ip 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 172.16.200.0 0.0.0.255
:
ip policy-class Private
  allow list VPN-10-vpn-selectors1
  allow list self self
**
nat source list wizard-ics interface ppp 1 overload
:
ip policy-class Public
  allow reverse list VPN-10-vpn-selectors1
**
nat destination list wizard-pfwd-1 address 192.168.3.100

```

```

interface vlan 3
  ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface vlan 4
  ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface vlan 5
  ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
:
interface vlan 5
  ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0
  access-policy Private
:
interface ppp 1
  ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.252
  access-policy Public
  crypto map VPN
:

```

*\* Partial output displayed*

*\*\* Created by a previous firewall policy*

\* Remember to save your configuration to ensure the settings will not be lost after a restart.

# VPN Peers Screen

The VPN Peers screen can be used to enable and disable VPN functionality. You can also create, modify, view, and delete VPN Peers from this screen. Individual IKE and IPSec policies can be edited by selecting Advance VPN Policies.

The screenshot shows the NetVanta 2400 VPN Peers configuration page. The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with categories: System, Firewall, VPN, and Utilities. The main content area is divided into four sections:

- Enable/Disable VPN:** A section with a checkbox for "VPN Enabled" (checked) and a warning message: "Warning: This will effect all VPN traffic". An "Apply" button is located below.
- Create VPN Peers:** A section with a "Create a New VPN Peer" button. Below it, there is a dropdown menu set to "<Default>" and a "Create New VPN Peer" button.
- Modify/View/Delete Peer:** A section with a "Delete" button. Below it is a table with two columns: "Name" and "Status". The table contains one entry: "test" with a status of "0 Static hosts connected".
- Advanced VPN Policies:** A section with a button labeled "Advanced VPN Policies".

Annotations with arrows point to the following elements:

- Enable or disable VPN functionality (points to the "Apply" button in the "Enable/Disable VPN" section).
- Create New VPN Peer from scratch or create a new VPN Peer based on an existing VPN Peer (points to the "Create New VPN Peer" button in the "Create VPN Peers" section).
- Modify/View/Delete VPN Peer (points to the "Delete" button in the "Modify/View/Delete Peer" section).
- Individual IKE and IPSec policies can be viewed and edited (points to the "Advanced VPN Policies" button in the "Advanced VPN Policies" section).

## Create New VPN Peer

Selecting the Create New VPN Peer button allows you to define a new VPN peer and then assign VPN configuration parameters for that VPN peer.

## Advanced VPN Policies

Under Advanced VPN Policies, you can add, modify, or delete individual IKE and IPSec policies. You can also assign Crypto Maps to interfaces and add, modify, or delete individual VPN Remote Ids.

## Create New VPN Peer / Edit VPN Peer (Step 1 of 4)

Selecting **Create New VPN Peer** or editing an existing VPN peer from the *VPN Peers* screen will display a four step VPN Peer Configuration window for the specific Peer. The individual IKE and IPSec parameters along with VPN traffic selectors can be defined for the selected VPN peer.

**NetVanta 2400** Save Logout

VPN Peers > test

### Step 1 of 4: VPN Peer Configuration for "test"

You are able to base a VPN Peer off of another VPN peer or create a new Peer from scratch.

#### VPN Peer Configuration

Name:	test	Set a name for this VPN Peer
VPN Interface:	eth 0/1 (10.19.218.240/255.255.255.0)	Interface that will Terminate the VPN Tunnel
Peer Type:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static Addressed	If the VPN Peer's address is static (assigned by the Service Provider)
	<input type="radio"/> Dynamically Addressed	If the VPN Peer's address is dynamic (DHCP, PPPoE, etc.)
	<input type="radio"/> Mobile Peer	This is used for VPN client software peers

#### IKE Configuration

XAUTH Enabled:	Disabled	You must enable AAA to do XAUTH
Initiate Mode:	Aggressive	Select the mode of IKE you would like to initiate VPN tunnels with the VPN Peer
Respond Mode:	Any	Select the mode of IKE that you will allow the VPN Peer to use when initiating tunnels with us
NAT Traversal:	Allow V1	Enable/Disable/Force NAT-T for this VPN Peer
	Allow V2	
Peer Address:	5 . 5 . 5 . 5	This is the public IP Address of the Peer.
Add Peer Address as Remote ID:	<input type="checkbox"/>	You are required to have an IP Address Remote ID when using main mode.
Remote ID:	Domain Name test	This uniquely identifies the Peer from other Peers
Local ID:	Domain Name test	This uniquely identifies us to the Peer.

#### IPSec Configuration

PFS:	Disabled	Select the PFS Group
Encryption / Hash:	ESP: 3 DES / MD5	Select an Encryption scheme and hash
Encryption / Hash:	No additional Transforms	Select an additional Encryption scheme and hash
Lifetime:	28800 seconds KB	Specify the Lifetime in seconds and/or kB of traffic

Cancel Apply

Define description of remote VPN peer

Select the address type the remote VPN peer will use to connect to this NetVanta

Define local and remote ID's, respond mode, and the Preshared key for this IKE policy

Set desired IPSec policy parameters for this VPN policy

## Create New VPN Peer / Edit VPN Peer (Step 2, 3, & 4 of 4)



**Step 2 of 4: Add/Delete IKE Attributes for "test"**

Create new IKE attributes here. To modify an existing attribute, delete the original and replace it with a new one.

**Add/Delete IKE Attributes for IKE Priority ID 100**

Encryption / Hash: 3 DES / MD5	Set encryption/hash algorithm for protection suite
Authentication: Preshared Key	Set authentication method for protection suite
DH Group: 1	Set the Diffie-Hellman group
Lifetime: 28800 seconds	Set lifetime for IKE security association

Add

**IKE Attribute List**

Click on an attribute grouping to configure the above panel with its settings. Click on the arrows to change the order in which the attributes are processed.

Encryption Hash Authentication DH Group Lifetime

← Set desired IKE policy attributes for this VPN policy

← Click Add

**Step 3 of 4: Source Networks Allowed to Communicate Using "test"**

The Source network(s) of this NetVanta will be able to communicate with the VPN Peer's Destination network(s). Enter the **Source** network(s) here.

Local Network: . . .	The IP Subnet local to this NetVanta
Local Network Mask: . . .	The Subnet Mask

Add

Local IP Subnet Local Subnet Mask

← Define the source of the traffic to be protected by this VPN policy.

← Click Add

**Step 4 of 4: Destination Networks Allowed to Communicate Using "test"**

The Source network(s) of this NetVanta will be able to communicate with the VPN Peer's Destination network(s). Enter the **Destination** network(s) here.

Remote Network: . . .	The IP Subnet local to the VPN Peer
Remote Network Mask: . . .	The Subnet Mask

Add

Remote IP Subnet Remote Subnet Mask

← Define the destination of the traffic to be protected by this VPN policy.

← Click Add

## ADVANCED VPN POLICIES

This area is displayed by selecting **Advanced VPN Policies** from the *VPN Peers* screen. The Advanced VPN Policies screen allows you to add, modify, or delete individual IKE and IPSec policies. You can also assign Crypto Maps to interfaces and add, modify, or delete individual VPN Remote IDs.

**NetVanta 2400** Save Logout

VPN Peers > Advanced VPN Policies

**Add / Modify / Delete IKE Policies**

View basic status information, add, remove or configure IKE Policies here. Choose an existing or default policy from the drop down menu to base a new policy on and click Add New IKE Policy, or click on the Name/ID of an existing IKE Policy to configure its settings. Click on any Status text to obtain a list of all active SAs and detailed information associated with the corresponding IKE policy.

**Add New IKE Policy**

Based on Policy:  *The values of the selected policy will be auto-populated in your new policy*

Name/ID	Peer	Status	
<a href="#">100</a>	5.5.5.5	0 Hosts Connected	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

**Add / Modify / Delete IPSec Policies**

View basic status information, add, remove or configure IPSec Policies here. Choose an existing or default policy from the drop down menu to base a new policy on and click Add New IKE Policy, or click on the Name/ID of an existing IPSec Policy to configure its settings. Click on any SPI to obtain a list of all active SAs and detailed information associated with the corresponding IPSec policy.

**Add New IPSec Policy**

Create a new IPSec Policy in

OR

Copy

With Priority:  *The values of the selected policy will be auto-populated in your new policy*

Name/ID	Peer	Status	
<b>VPN</b>			
<a href="#">10</a>	Incomplete	0 Hosts Connected	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

**Assign Crypto Maps to Interfaces**

Each Crypto Map can be assigned to one or more interfaces that will terminate a VPN Tunnel.

Interface Name	Crypto Map
eth 0/1	<input type="text" value="VPN"/>
ppp 2	<input type="text" value="&lt;none&gt;"/>

**Add / Modify VPN Remote IDs**

VPN Tunnels use Remote IDs in a fashion similar to usernames and passwords on a file server. They specify which remote devices may connect to your NetVanta, using which credentials and what services.

**Add a new Remote ID**

**Modify/Delete an existing Remote ID**

Listed below are all the Remote IDs configured in your NetVanta. To edit the ID, click on its entry in the table below. To remove an ID, click its corresponding delete button.

Remote ID	Type	
<a href="#">test</a>	Domain Name	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

## ADVANCED VPN POLICIES - > Add New IKE Policy / Edit IKE Policies

Selecting **Add New IKE Policy** or editing an existing IKE policy from the *VPN Peers - > Advanced VPN Policies* screen will display the IKE Policy configuration screen. The individual IKE policy parameters can be defined here.

**IKE Configuration for IKE Priority ID 100**

Make IKE policy configuration changes in this panel. IKE attributes can be modified in the second panel.

**IKE Configuration for Priority ID 100**

XAUTH Enabled:  Disabled You must enable AAA to do XAUTH

Initiate Mode:  Select the mode of IKE you would like to initiate VPN tunnels with the VPN Peer

Respond Mode:  Select the mode of IKE that you will allow the VPN Peer to use when initiating tunnels with us

NAT Traversal:   Enable/Disable/Force NAT-T for this VPN Peer

Peer Address:   .  .  .  This is the public IP Address of the Peer.

Local ID:   This uniquely identifies us to the Peer.

← Configure IKE Policy parameters

**Add/Modify/Delete IKE Attributes for IKE Priority ID 100**

Create new IKE attributes here. To modify an existing attribute, delete the original and replace it with a new one. Only IKE attributes associated with IKE Priority ID 100 will be listed below, and any IKE attributes you create will be associated with IKE Priority ID 100 as well.

**Add/Delete IKE Attributes for IKE Priority ID 100**

Encryption / Hash:  /  Set encryption/hash algorithm for protection suite

Authentication:  Set authentication method for protection suite

DH Group:  Set the Diffie-Hellman group

Lifetime:  seconds Set lifetime for IKE security association

**IKE Attribute List**

Click on an attribute grouping to configure the above panel with its settings. Click on the arrows to change the order in which the attributes are processed.

Encryption	Hash	Authentication	DH Group	Lifetime	
▲▼ aes-256-cbc	sha	pre-share	2	10800	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

← Configure IKE Policy Attributes

**Mode Config Pool for IKE Priority ID for 100**

Dial-up VPN users need to have an address assigned to them by this VPN gateway. Use an existing pool, or create a new pool using the form below.

Enable:  Check to enable the Mode Config Pool

Use an Existing Mode Config Pool:  Select a pre-existing mode config pool to use

Name:  Descriptive name for this pool of client addresses

IP Address Range:  .  .  .  TO  .  .  .  This is the range of addresses that will be assigned to VPN Clients by this NetVanta

Primary DNS Server:  .  .  .  These are DNS servers which will be used by the VPN Client to resolve addresses within the Private Network

Secondary DNS Server:  .  .  .

Primary WINS Server:  .  .  .  These are WINS servers which will be used by the VPN Client to resolve addresses within the Private Network

Secondary WINS Server:  .  .  .

← Enable and configure IKE Mode Config to allow a remote host running a VPN client (such as the NetVanta VPN Client) to acquire a virtual IP address when communicating with a VPN gateway.



## ADVANCED VPN POLICIES - > Add New IPSec Policy / Edit IPSec Policies

Selecting **Add New IPSec Policy** or editing an existing IPSec policy from the *VPN Peers - > Advanced VPN Policies* screen will display the IPSec Policy configuration screen. The individual IPSec policy parameters can be defined here.

**IPSec Configuration for "VPN 10"**

You are able to define and configure a VPN Peer.

Description:	<input type="text" value="Remote Site A"/>	<i>Enter a meaningful description of this IPSec Policy</i>
IKE Policy:	<input type="text" value="100"/>	<i>Select the IKE Policy that should be used with this Policy</i>
Peer IP Address:	<input type="text" value="Specified"/> <input type="text" value="100"/> . <input type="text" value="100"/> . <input type="text" value="100"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/>	<i>This is the IP address of the peer; if the peers are dynamic, leave this blank</i>
PFS:	<input type="text" value="Group 2"/>	<i>Select the PFS Group</i>
Encryption / Hash:	<input type="text" value="ESP: AES 256bit / SHA1"/>	<i>Select an Encryption scheme and hash</i>
Encryption / Hash:	<input type="text" value="No additional Transforms"/>	<i>Select an additional Encryption scheme and hash</i>
Lifetime:	<input type="text" value="3600"/> seconds <input type="text" value=""/> KB	<i>Specify the Lifetime in seconds and/or kB of traffic</i>

← Configure IPSec Policy parameters

**Add / Modify / Delete Policy Entries**

Create Access Control Entries to specify what traffic is to be sent to this VPN peer. ?

**Add New VPN Selector Entry**

**Modify/Delete VPN Selector Entry**

This is a description of this list

Priority	Type	Protocol	Source Network/Ports	Dest Network/Ports	
▲▼	Permit	any	192.168.1.0/24	172.16.200.0/24	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

← Create new VPN selectors to define the traffic to be protected by this VPN policy. The selectors are read from top down.

## ADVANCED VPN POLICIES - > Add New Remote ID / Edit Remote ID

Selecting **Add New Remote ID** or editing an existing Remote ID from the *VPN Peers - > Advanced VPN Policies* screen will display the Remote ID configuration screen. The Remote ID type, Preshared key, IKE Policy and IPSec policy are specified here.

**Add/Modify a Remote ID**

After entering all the Remote ID information needed to authenticate the remote end, click the Apply button below.

Remote ID Type: <input type="text" value="IP Address"/>	Select the type of Remote ID you want the NetVanta to allow to connect via VPN
IP Address: <input type="text" value="100"/> . <input type="text" value="100"/> . <input type="text" value="100"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/>	This IP Address must be the Public IP Address of the Remote Unit.
Preshared Key: <input type="text" value="GoADTRAN"/>	Enter the password known by both sides of the VPN tunnel
Allow XAUTH: <input type="checkbox"/>	XAUTH is used to authenticate users
Use Mode Config: <input type="checkbox"/>	Mode-Config is used to dynamically assign ip info to the vpn peer
NAT Traversal: <input type="text" value="Allow V1"/>	Enable/Disable/Force NAT-T for
<input type="text" value="Allow V2"/>	
IKE Policy: <input type="text" value="100"/>	Select the IKE Policy that should be used with this Remote ID
IPSec Policy: <input type="text" value="VPN 10"/>	Select the IPSec Policy that should be used with this Remote ID

← Select the Remote ID type, ID, and Preshared key the remote VPN peer will use to connect to this NetVanta

← Select the IKE and IPSec policy that will be associated with this Remote ID

### Allow XAUTH

Allow eXtended AUTHentication within IKE. This is an Authentication method for remote users which extends existing IKE authentication methods using widely deployed legacy authentication methods such as RADIUS, SecurID, and One Time Passwords.

### Use Mode Config

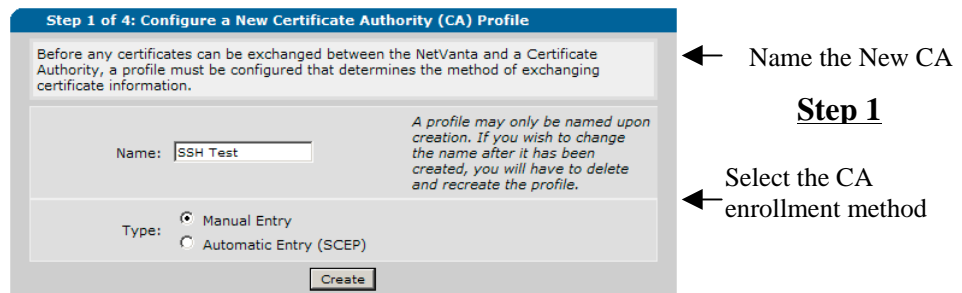
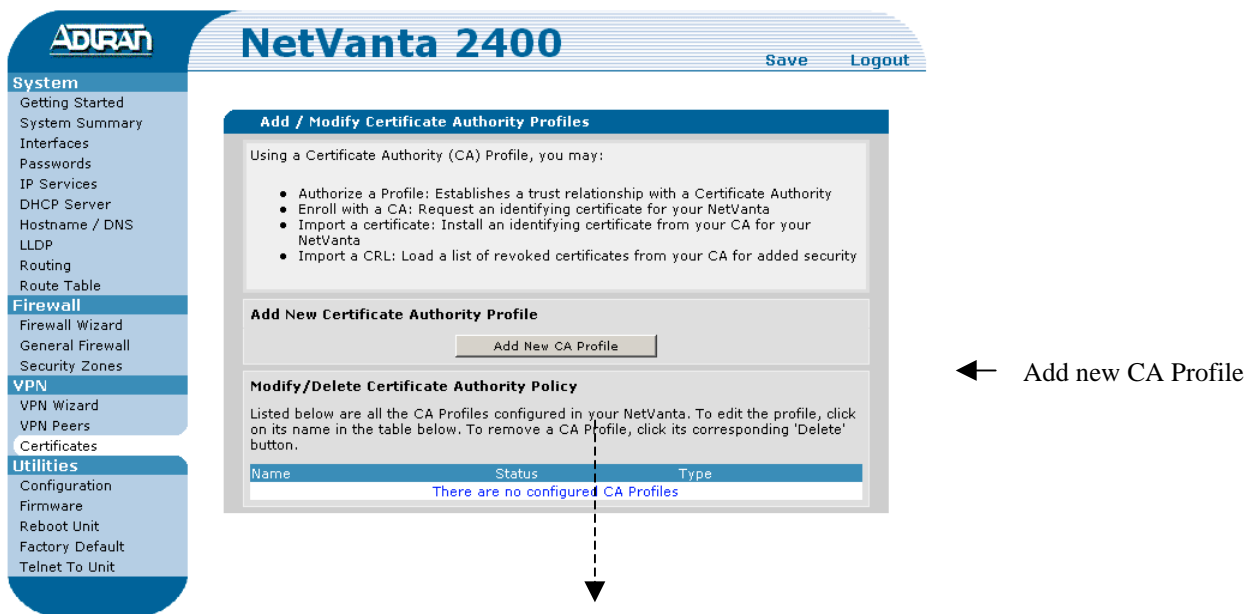
IKE Mode Config allows a remote host running a VPN client (such as the NetVanta VPN Client) to acquire a virtual IP address when communicating with a VPN gateway. The remote host requests an address, and optionally a DNS/WINS server address from the internal network of the VPN gateway. IKE Mode Config parameters can be defined by editing an existing IKE policy under Advanced VPN Polices.

# Certificates

The Certificates screen can be used to add, modify, or delete Certificate Authority profiles and policies.

## Configure a New Certificate Authority (CA) Profile

Selecting the **Add New CA Profile** button initiates the creation and configuration of Certificate Authority profile. You will be taken through a four-step process of creating the CA profile, loading the CA's certificate, requesting a self-certificate, and importing the self-certificate received from the Certificate Authority.



**Manual Entry** Use cut and paste to obtain the CA's certificate, request a self certificate, and import the self Certificate received from the Certificate Authority.

### Automatic Entry (SCEP) (Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol)

Requests are sent via SCEP. Using SCEP, the NetVanta will load the CA certificate, issue a self certificate request, and poll for the self certificate.

## Upload the CA Certificate

Before any certificates can be exchanged between the NetVanta and Certificate Authority, a CA certificate must be uploaded.

**NetVanta 2400** Save Logout

CA Profiles > "Test"

**Step 1 of 4: Configure Existing Certificate Authority (CA) Profile "Test"**

Before any certificates can be exchanged between the NetVanta and a Certificate Authority, a profile must be configured that determines the method of exchanging certificate information.

Name: Test *A profile may only be named upon creation. If you wish to change the name after it has been created, you will have to delete and recreate the profile.*

Type:  Manual Entry  Automatic Entry (SCEP)

Modify

**Step 2 of 4: Upload the CA Certificate**

Before any certificates can be exchanged between the NetVanta and a Certificate Authority, a CA certificate must be uploaded. After successfully loading a CA Certificate, you will be presented with the options to request and load a Self Certificate, as well as load a CRL.

Paste text below, using the copy and paste functions of your browser:

Select a PEM Encoded certificate file to upload :

Browse...

Upload CA Certificate

**Step 2 of 4: CA Certificate Uploaded**

You have successfully authorized your Certificate Authority (CA). This profile will now be used as the basis of the remaining certificate operations available to you on this page.

Status:	Available
Serial Number:	00000001 000000CA 000000E4 0000008D
Subject Name:	C=FI,O=SSH Communications Security Corp,CN=SSH Test CA 1 No Liabilities
Issuer:	C=FI,O=SSH Communications Security Corp,CN=SSH Test CA 1 No Liabilities
Start Date:	Aug 1 07:08:32 2001 GMT
End Date:	Aug 1 07:08:32 2004 GMT
Key Usage:	Non-Repudiation; Key Encipherment;

Re-upload a CA Certificate

**Step 2**

Cut and Paste the CA's certificate in PEM format here or browse to select certificate file to upload

Click to upload CA certificate

This screen displays if you were successful in uploading the CA's certificate

PEM: Privacy Enhanced Mail

## Request a Self Certificate from CA

To request a Self Certificate, complete the form and then click on the 'Generate Request' button. A Self Certificate Request will display that you must send to the CA.

**Step 3 of 4: Request/Enter A Self Certificate Using Manual Entry**

To request a Self Certificate, complete the form below and click on the 'Generate Request' button. A Self Certificate Request will then be displayed that you must send to your CA. The CA will then generate a Self Certificate. Once you have received your Self Certificate, click on the 'Load Self Certificate' button at the bottom of this form. (It is not necessary to re-complete the Generate Request form before clicking 'Load Self Certificate'.)

**Select Encryption Strength**

Encryption Algorithm:

Encryption Strength:

**Subject Name Information**

Email Address:

Fully Qualified Domain Name:

IP Address:

**Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) Information**

Common Name (CN):

Organizational Unit (OU):

Locality (L):

Country (C):

State/Province (S):

Formatted LDAP String:

### Step 3

← Select Encryption Algorithm and Strength

← Select at least one Subject Name Identifier

← Define optional LDAP information for greater identification with your certificate

Click to generate Self Certificate Request

**Step 3 of 4: Enter or Upload a Self Certificate**

**Self Certificate Request - Base64 Encoded**

Below is your Self Certificate Request. You may copy and paste the text from the box below and send it to your Certificate Authority or use the 'Download Self Certificate' button to save the request as a file to your computer. You may cancel the current request and generate a new one by clicking the 'Cancel Current Request' button.

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBjjCB+AIbADAeMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEPMA0GA1UEAxMGQUF
CSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKgBQKvCkbT0zcxk7CPp295aEt
dLVTtghU0Yca8LK27c+XgKdwDDJFqshYLIeJHa1ZhotWA97+Ncu1KVH
BEIzHvGtGmP9hYua6hAb/YXaihdm05bDFHviMWWd+xPjmOX6SyzCI
hr37saZvIQIDAQABoDEwLwYJKoZIhvcNAQkOMSIwIDAeBgNVHREEF
bmluZ0BhZHRyYyW4uY29tMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GBAF/cnsOP
8hdRnMUuGp+27Gy81RL7YRxZ1Gv6Ht+BQP7SoS2Bm4xJ895CH07C
4aYQQn6oX1/zzaB9EqcIy1Ubo1fm3U7yZ1hQRKLNc32KEHEi66Nun4
tT209HOek8AvHz7xTETBw5Zz
-----
```

← This is your Self Certificate Request. Copy and paste the text in this box and send it to your Certificate Authority

## Load Self Certificate from CA

After submitting a Self Certificate Request, your Certificate Authority should provide you with a Self Certificate to load into your NetVanta. Once you have loaded the Self Certificate from your CA, you have completed the loading of your personal certificate.

**Load Self Certificate - Base64 Encoded**

After submitting a Self Certificate Request, your Certificate Authority should provide you with a Self Certificate to load into your NetVanta.

Paste text below, using the copy and paste functions of your browser:

```
yudH7oJ04Zhr37saZvIQIDAQABo41BTjCCAUowHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAL
oEuvQwwHQYDVR0OBByEFBVPj3MN4HCsKjacemQwliDNBjuMB4GA:
QGfkdHjhb5jb20wgecGA1UdHwSB3zCB3DBEoEKgQIY+aHR0cDovLz
4MC9jcmwtYXMtZGVyL2N1cnlnRjcmwtNTAzLmNybd9pZD01MDMwM:
8vMTk1LjIwLjExNi42NzozODkvQ049U1NIJTlwaGVzZCUyMENBJTIwM:
XRpZXMsTz1TU0gImJBD21tdW5pY2F0aW9ucyUyMFNIY3VyaXR5JTlw:
ZmljYXRlcmV2b2NhdGlvbmxpc3QwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAt:
XB8DJQcNVzfZ7GvYbaWQJaAtyHVnQua+Q6Hof3SkR5g15HFPbMEwEt
II0ixYea25R0EsCq7igRfdNFRgrIMD1rVvk19YxdUPITrSeDq+syD4Q14lx
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
```

Select a certificate file to upload :

← Copy and paste the Self Certificate from your CA into this box

Click to load Self Certificate from CA

**Step 3 of 4: Personal Certificate Installed**

You have successfully installed the Personal Certificate for this profile

Status:	Available
Serial Number:	00000002 00000047 0000007C 0000001D
Subject Name:	C=US,CN=ADTRAN
Issuer:	C=FI,O=SSH Communications Security Corp,CN=SSH Test CA 1 No Liabilities
Start Date:	Mar 14 20:23:41 2004 GMT
End Date:	Apr 13 20:53:41 2004 GMT
Key Usage:	

← This screen displays if you were successful in loading your Personal Certificate

## Load Certificate Revocation List from CA

Optionally, you can load the Certificate Revocation List from the Certificate Authority.

**Step 4 of 5 (optional): Enter/Upload a Certificate Revocation List**

Certificate Revocation Lists provide your NetVanta with knowledge of certificates that your Certificate Authority has issued but rejected. For maximum security, you should import a CRL from your CA when it is released. Once a CRL has been successfully imported, its expiration date, along with other identifying information will be displayed.

**CA Certificate Revocation List - Base64 Encoded**

Paste text below, using the copy and paste functions of your browser:

Select a certificate file to upload :

**Step 4 (optional)**

← Load the Certificate Revocation List from your Certificate Authority

# VPN Troubleshooting with the GUI

The GUI interface of the NetVanta 1224STR provides tools to show the connected VPN peers, display detailed status of the connected VPN peers, and the ability to tear down active VPN tunnels.

## Displaying Status of VPN Tunnels

From the *VPN Peers* screen, select the connected VPN peer listed in the **Status** column to display VPN Peer status.

The screenshot shows the NetVanta 2400 GUI with the following sections:

- System**: Getting Started, System Summary, Interfaces, Passwords, IP Services, DHCP Server, Hostname / DNS, LLDP, Routing, Route Table
- Firewall**: Firewall Wizard, General Firewall, Security Zones
- VPN**: VPN Wizard, VPN Peers, Certificates
- Utilities**: Configuration, Firmware, Reboot Unit, Factory Default, Telnet To Unit

**Enable/Disable VPN**

You are able to enable and disable all VPN functionality here.

VPN Enabled:  *Warning: This will effect all VPN traffic*

Apply

**Create VPN Peers**

You are able to base a VPN Peer off of another VPN Peer or create a new Peer from scratch.

**Create a New VPN Peer**

Create a New VPN Peer based on the  Peer

Create New VPN Peer

**Modify/View/Delete Peer**

Click on the name of a Peer to modify it, or the status of a Peer to view its statistics.

Name	Status	Delete
<a href="#">Mobile Test</a>	<a href="#">1 Dialup host connected</a>	Delete

**Advanced VPN Policies**

Advanced VPN configurations might have to use separate IKE and IPSec Policies. You can edit individual IKE and IPSec Policies in the "Advanced VPN Policies" page. All VPN functionality can be turned off on the "Advanced VPN Policies" page as well.

Advanced VPN Policies

**VPN Peer Status for VPN**

All hosts connected via the VPN Tunnel "VPN" are listed below. Click on a Peer IP Address to get detailed information about that peer's currently active connection. Click Delete to tear down an established tunnel. It may take several seconds before IKE and IPSec are torn down.

Remote IP	XAUTH User	Remote ID	IKE	IPSec	Delete
<a href="#">100.100.100.1</a>	n/a	100.100.100.1	Up	Up	Delete

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## VPN Peer Status

From the VPN Peer Status screen, you can display detailed VPN Peer status and tear down established tunnels.

**NetVanta 2400** Save Logout

VPN Peers > VPN Peer Status for "Mobile Test"

**VPN Peer Status for Mobile Test**

All hosts connected via the VPN Tunnel "Mobile Test" are listed below. Click on a Peer IP Address to get detailed information about that peer's currently active connection. Click Delete to tear down an established tunnel. It may take several seconds before IKE and IPSec are torn down.

Remote IP	XAUTH User	Remote ID	IKE	IPSec	
<a href="#">172.22.68.213</a>	n/a	test.com	Up	Up	Delete

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Display Detailed VPN Peer Status

**Detailed VPN Peer Status for VPN**

Listed below is detailed status and configuration information regarding all active IKE and IPSec SAs for the VPN Peer "VPN". Click Delete to tear down the associated IKE or IPSec SAs. It may take several seconds before the SAs are deleted. Deleting an IKE SA will also delete any IPSec SAs that were established through it.

**IKE Status Information** Delete

Peer IP Address	100.100.100.1
Lifetime	10222
Remote ID	100.100.100.1
Status	SA_MATURE

**IPSec Status Information** Delete

Peer IP Address	100.100.100.1
Local IP Address	10.10.10.1
Outgoing SPI	3145793140
Incoming SPI	3374602845
Protocol	ESP
Hard Lifetime	3060
Soft Lifetime	2970
Outbound Traffic	1380 Bytes
Inbound Traffic	1380 Bytes
Outbound Selector	Source 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0 Port ANY, Proto ALL IP Destination 172.16.200.0/255.255.255.0 Port ANY, Proto ALL IP

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Tear down the established tunnel

**Deleting SAs ...**

Please wait for the selected SAs to be deleted. The status of the deletion process will be shown below, updated in real time.

IPSec SAs successfully torn down.  
Deleting IKE SAs matching ID 100 with peer 100.100.100.1...

**Deleting SAs ...**

Please wait for the selected SAs to be deleted. The status of the deletion process will be shown below, updated in real time.

IKE SAs successfully torn down.  
Done.  
[Click here](#) to return.